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SUBJECT: Santiago Grants Country Clearance for Dr. Lee Eiden and Dr. Peng Y. Loh, NIH

REF: STATE 221376

¶1. Embassy Santiago welcomes and grants country clearance for Dr. Lee Eiden, Chief, Laboratory of Cellular and Molecular Regulation, National Institute of Mental Health, (NIH) and Dr. Peng Y. Loh, Senior Investigator, Doctor, NIH, from 01/6/2006 through 01/16/2006 as requested in reftel. The visit's purpose is to give and attend the thirteenth International Symposium on Chromaffin Cell Biology in Valparaiso and Santiago.

¶2. Control officer for your visit is JACQUELINE L. WARD, Economic Officer, EPOL, telephone numbers; office (56-2) 330-3335, cell (56-2) 330-3335, home (56-2) 206-5322 and fax (56-2) 330-3118. Control Officer can be reached 24 hours a day via Post 1, telephone (56-2)330-3321/3700. During business hours it is best to reach the control officer via the Embassy switchboard (56-2)262-2600.

¶3. Employees with diplomatic or official passports must obtain diplomatic or official entry visas through a Chilean embassy overseas or CA/PPT/SIA in Washington. Those with tourist passports do not need visas, and may enter on tourist cards filled out on the airplane. Travelers with tourist passports are required to pay a one time fee of U.S. dollars 100.00 each to enter the country.

¶4. Post recommends the use of a private airport transport service arranged by the authorized Embassy travel agent, although taxis are available, reliable and about the same price. The one-way fee for either service to the Embassy or nearby hotel is currently about 14,000 pesos or U.S. 25 dollars payable directly to the driver, who will issue a receipt to the traveler (for travel voucher). A van that can comfortably accommodate more than two visitors will cost slightly more. Please notify Santiago control officer as soon as possible for the Embassy to have the transfer service pick the passenger up at the airport, if desired. The transfer service driver will meet the passenger(s) at the left hand side (near the cafe and AFEX exchange counter) as you exit the airport customs area. The driver will be holding a sign with the traveler's name.

¶5. Visitor will be staying from: January 6-7 at Vantis Hotels Terraverde Hotel, Avenida Arturo Pratt 0220, Temuco, (56-45)239-999; January 7-12 at Grand Hotel Pucon Resort and Club, Clemente Holzpfel 190, Pucon, (56-45)913-300; January 12-13 at Marriott Hotels Santiago, Av. Presidente Kennedy 5741, Santiago, (56-2)426-2000; January 13-15 at Best Western International Marina del Ray, Ecuador 299, Vina del Mar, Valparaiso, (56-32)383-000; January 15-16 at Marriott Hotels Santiago, Presidente Kennedy 5741, Santiago, (56-2)426-2000. Most hotels will bill without 19 percent value-added tax if arrangements are made at the time of check-in. You will

need to show your U.S. passport, provide an address outside Chile and arrange for lodging payment at departure to be in dollars (via credit card, traveler's checks or cash).

¶6. State Department regulations require that all official visitors verify their security clearances either via cable or by bringing a letter signed by an appropriate authority. Visitors whose security clearance has not been verified need to be escorted at all times while in the Embassy. State Department employees should bring their State Identification Card/building pass to facilitate access to the chancery.

¶7. State Department TDY Visitors requiring OpenNet-Plus Systems access during their stay should inform the control officer prior to their arrival. Visitors will be required to attend a Systems Security briefing and complete a Network Access Request Form. If visitors wish to access email from their home State Department post, users must provide the ISC with the fully qualified domain name or the TCP/IP address of the TDYer's home e-mail server.

¶8. Personnel who intend to bring U.S. Government portable microcomputers (laptops) for use in CAA or non-CAA areas must notify Post's ISSO and RSO in advance of travel. Personal Electronic Devices (PED), Personal Digital Assistant's (PDA) e.g. 'Palm Pilots', MP-3 players, etc. are NOT authorized in CAA spaces and are not authorized connectivity within OpenNet unclassified or classified networks, or stand-alone classified PC's.

¶9. Travelers are reminded that Santiago's Public Affairs Section is responsible for handling all in-country press

arrangements for both Mission personnel and official visitors. Media inquiries or requests for interviews made directly to the visitor during the course of a visit should be directed to the Embassy press Attach, John Vance, tel (56-2) 330-3350. Where contact with the media would serve to promote USG interests, Public Affairs will work with visitors prior to their arrival to determine the desired level of coverage, provide up-to-date media guidance, and make appropriate arrangements for contact with the press. On-site Public Affairs staff is also available to assist visitors and delegations at meetings where media coverage is anticipated.

¶10. Cash Exchanges: At the airport, Banco Edwards and AFEX (Exchange House) have money exchange facilities located on the ground floor customs area as you leave the terminal. The Embassy has a 24-hour ATM machine, which can access any U.S. account served by the local bank. Currency received will be Chilean pesos at the current rate of exchange. ATMs are located conveniently around Santiago and in other metropolitan areas in Chile. You are urged to bring an ATM card to Post since this is the most convenient (and many times economical) way to change money.

¶11. The Embassy community has a small commissary/gift shop, which is available to official visitors.

¶12. The climate in Chile is temperate, but milder than that of Washington. The seasons in Chile are reversed: Summer (December, January, February) temperatures usually vary between 49 degrees (mornings and evenings) and 85 degrees during the day; Winter (June, July, August) temperatures range between a minimum of 38 and maximum of ¶164. Most precipitation occurs during the winter months. Except for the hottest summer nights, evenings tend to be substantially cooler than the days.

¶13. All areas of Santiago are affected by high pollution, although the area around the Embassy has slightly better air quality than the more congested areas

in the city. The pollution appears as heavy smog in the winter and dust in the summer. Pollution levels rise to unacceptable levels an average of five to six times per year. The major health effects include difficulties with breathing and aggravation of existing respiratory, cardiovascular, allergic and asthmatic problems. This is particularly true for the elderly and children, and for those with confirmed asthmatic and allergic symptoms. Contact-lens wearers sometimes find their eyes are more easily irritated here. The most severe pollution occurs during the months of May to October.

¶14. The intensity of the sun is particularly pronounced in Santiago. Travelers should travel with good sunglasses, hats and sunblock if they anticipate spending much time outdoors.

¶15. In order to drive a vehicle in Chile, you must have an international driver's license. Failure to adhere to this may result in arrest and confiscation of the rental vehicle.

¶16. After the terrorist attacks of September 11th, there is currently a very real possibility for violent actions against United States citizens and interests throughout the world. We urge all Embassy personnel and visitors to Chile to maintain a high level of vigilance and to take appropriate steps to reduce potential vulnerability.

¶17. The Embassy has advised in a Warden message to Americans in Chile that extremists in the tri-border area (Brazil, Argentina and Paraguay) may have received instructions in mid-October 2000, to begin efforts to collect information on U.S. business' people and government officials in the southern cone of South America. This information would be used to prepare contingency plans for possible kidnappings or attacks in the event the terrorist strike in the southern cone. We take this information very seriously. Because of the Embassy's special visibility, we urge all personnel to maintain a high level of vigilance and to take appropriate steps to reduce potential vulnerability.

¶18. Visitors should be aware of the criminal environment in Santiago, which is rated medium for USG employees. Street crime, common to many South American cities, is a problem. One should be particularly alert in the business/commercial crowded areas. We recommend visitors:

-- Be attentive to your surroundings--people, vehicles, packages, etc.

-- Maintain a low profile, particularly in busy tourist areas.

-- Vary your routes and times for all required travel.

-- Treat mail or other deliveries from unfamiliar sources with suspicion.

-- Be circumspect about information you provide about yourself to strangers or in the presence of strangers.

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